

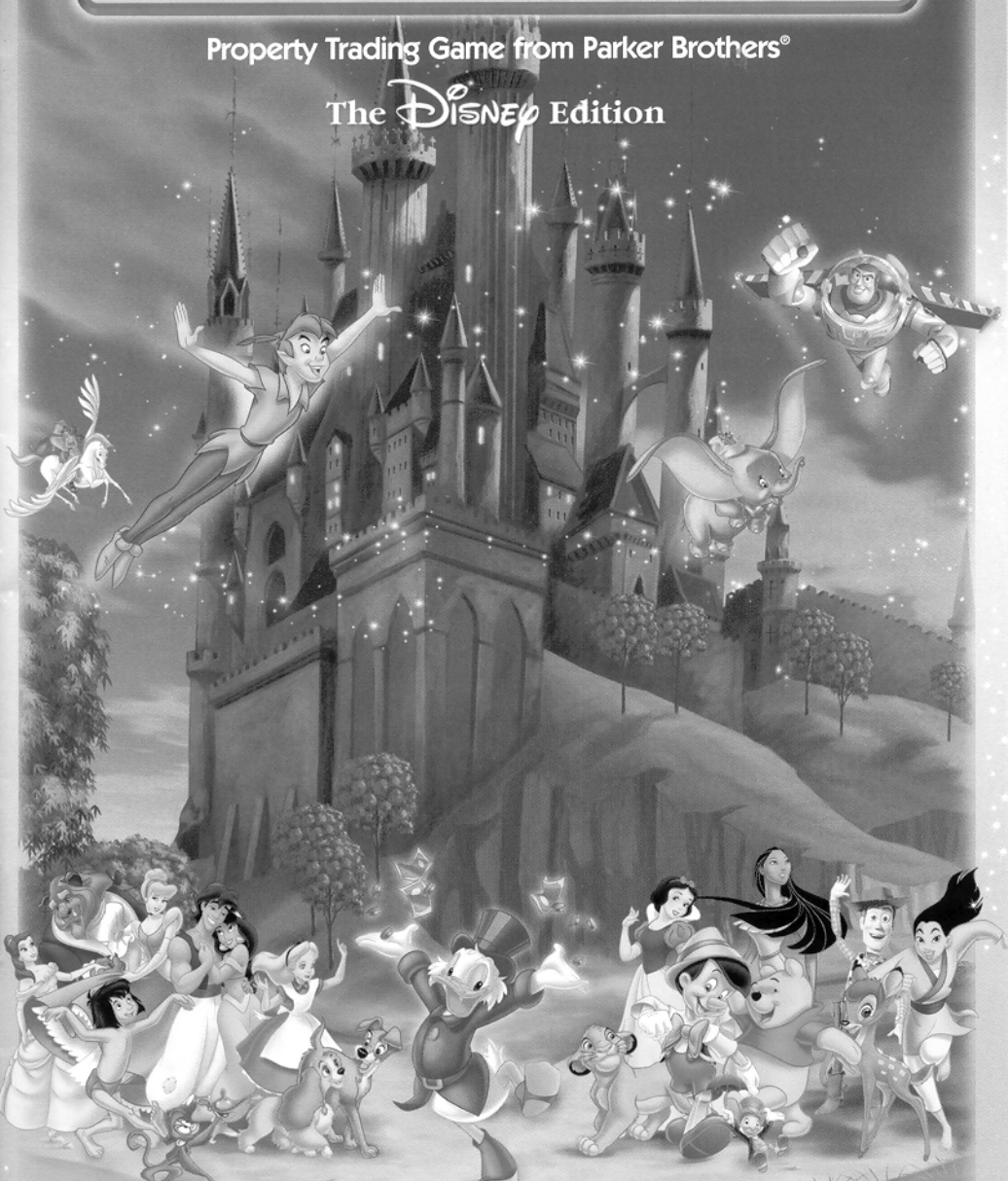


MONOPOLY

BRAND

Property Trading Game from Parker Brothers®

The Disney Edition



Ages 8 to Adult
For 2 to 8 Players



Property Trading Game from Parker Brothers®

The Disney Edition



The magical world of Disney comes alive when its loveable characters and colorful settings are brought together with the world's most popular board game, MONOPOLY®.

In this spellbinding Disney Edition, you'll move from one magical land to another. Travel around the gameboard and buy these timeless favorites.

If you have never played the classic MONOPOLY game, refer to the standard rules on pages 10-14. Then turn back to pages 2-3 to learn about the special features of this edition.

WHAT'S THE SAME?

The object of the game and the standard game rules.

WHAT'S DIFFERENT?

- Earn Disney Dollars instead of the standard Monopoly dollars.
- The houses have been replaced with the White Rabbit's Cottage, and the hotels have been replaced with Sleeping Beauty's Castle.
- Magic Moments cards and Show Time cards replace the classic Community Chest and Chance cards.
- Gameboard spaces and the corresponding Title Deeds contain the Disney films you are buying. All of the values are the same as the corresponding deeds in the standard game.
- Choose from eight collectible Disney-themed movers.

- Scrooge McDuck's Tax has replaced the standard Income Tax and Prince John's Tax has replaced the Luxury Tax.
- In place of the traditional railroads, this edition uses four modes of Disney transportation: the Albatross from *The Rescuers*, Captain Hook's pirate ship from *Peter Pan*, the pumpkin from *Cinderella* and Cruella de Vil's car from *101 Dalmatians*.
- The two Utilities are now special powers: Magic Wand and Pixie Dust.

OBJECT

Become the wealthiest player through the buying, selling, and renting of Disney properties.

EQUIPMENT

Gameboard • Title Deed cards • Disney dollars • Banker's tray • 2 Dice • 8 Collectible Disney-themed movers • 16 Magic Moments cards • 16 Show Time cards • 32 White Rabbit Cottages • 12 Sleeping Beauty Castles

PLEASE NOTE

The character movers in this game are made of metal and may bend. If they do, *carefully* bend them back into shape.





FILM SYNOPSES

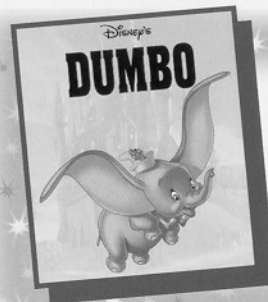
Steamboat Willie was the first Mickey Mouse cartoon to be released and the first cartoon with synchronized sound. It premiered on November 18, 1928, which is now known as Mickey Mouse's birthday!



Snow White and the Seven Dwarfs, based on the fairy tale by the Brothers Grimm, was the first animated feature film. The film, which premiered in December 1937, received a special Academy Award in 1939. The award was made up of one full-size Oscar® and seven dwarf Oscars®!

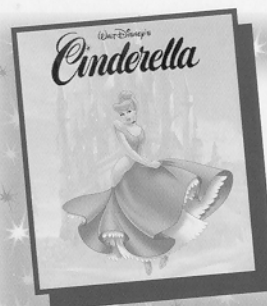


Based on the well-known tale by Collodi, *Pinocchio*, released in February 1940, was Walt Disney's second animated film. It won an Academy Award® for Best Score and Best Song (*When You Wish Upon a Star*).



One of Walt Disney's most endearing animated films, *Dumbo* flew onto the screen in October 1941. The film won an Oscar® for Best Scoring of a Motion Picture.

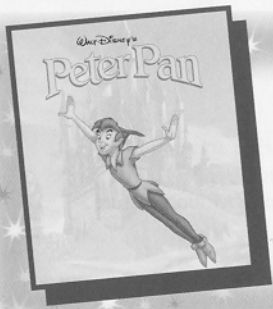
Bambi, released in August 1942, was the first Disney film to feature only animals. In order to make the part of Bambi as real as possible, the artists even studied the movements of two fawns that were donated to the studio!



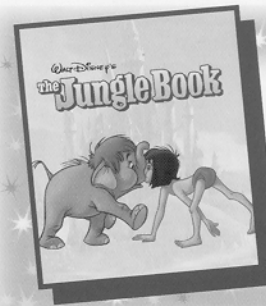
Released in February 1950, Walt Disney's adaptation of the classic fairy tale was one of the most popular films of the year. The scene in which Cinderella's rags magically become a beautiful gown was Walt Disney's favorite piece of animation.



Walt Disney's adaptation of Lewis Carroll's novels *Alice's Adventures in Wonderland* and *Through the Looking Glass* was released in July 1951. In 1936, Mickey Mouse starred in *Thru the Mirror*, an animated cartoon version of *Through the Looking Glass*.



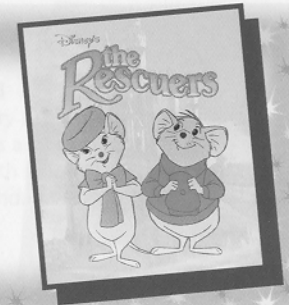
Peter Pan, inspired by Sir James Barrie's play of the same name, soared onto the screen in February 1953.



Inspired by Rudyard Kipling's book of the same name, this was the last animated film to be supervised by Walt Disney himself. *The Jungle Book* premiered in October 1967.



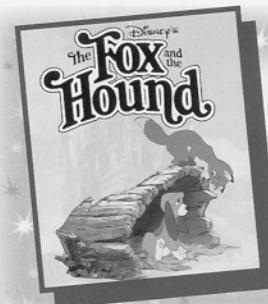
Inspired by a puppy that Walt Disney presented in a hatbox to his wife, the film premiered in June 1955. It was also the first Disney animated feature to be made in CinemaScope® (a form of widescreen film projection).



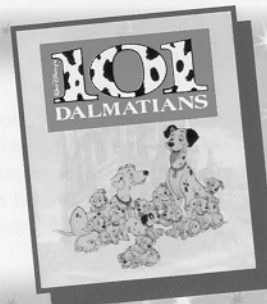
Based on two books by Marjery Sharp, *The Rescuers* and *Miss Bianca*, this film was released in June 1977. It took four years to make and was comprised of 330,000 drawings by 40 different animators!



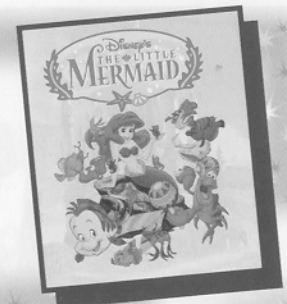
Walt Disney's animated version of the traditional tale by Charles Perrault was first released in January 1959. This was Disney's most elaborate and beautifully detailed animated feature to date.



Brought to the big screen in July 1981, *The Fox and the Hound* is based on Daniel P. Mannix's story of the same name. The film took four years to make, with the help of more than 180 people, including 24 animators!



Based on the novel by Dodie Smith, *101 Dalmatians* was released in January 1961. It was the first feature to solely use the Xerox process for transferring the animators' drawings to finished film, which greatly sped up production.



The Little Mermaid, released in November 1989, is based on the story by Hans Christian Andersen. Nearly 80 percent of the film required some kind of special effects - from the storms at sea to the underwater distortions. It won an Academy Award® for Best Song (*Under the Sea*) and Best Original Score.

Disney's *Beauty and the Beast* premiered in November 1991. The film was nominated for seven Academy Awards®, including Best Picture, a first for an animated feature. It actually won Best Song (*Beauty and the Beast*) and Best Original Score.



Toy Story, released in November 1995, was the first animated feature to be completely computer generated and was produced as part of a partnership between Disney and Pixar.



Disney's *Aladdin*



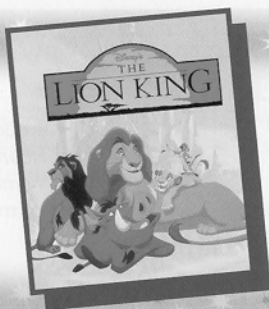
Based on the ancient tale *The Thousand and One Nights*, *Aladdin* was released in November 1992. Computer-generated imagery allowed the filmmakers to create some spectacular scenes, including the magic carpet ride through the Cave of Wonders. The film won an Academy Award® for Best Song (*A Whole New World*) and Best Original Score.

Disney's *MULAN*

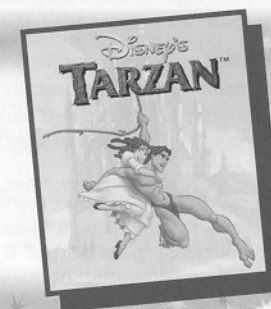


Released in 1998, the legendary story of a young Chinese woman who becomes a warrior to save her country, was the first full-length animated feature to be totally created at Disney's Florida animation studios.

The Lion King roared onto our screens in June 1994. The film won an Academy Award® for Best Song with *Can You Feel the Love Tonight* sung by Elton John. An Oscar® was also awarded to Hans Zimmer for Best Original Score.



The 1999 hit introduced an innovative animation technique called "deep canvas animation" which gave *Tarzan's* movements a dramatic sense of dimension and movement through space.



Disney's *POCAHONTAS*



Pocahontas, the first Disney film to be based on historical fact, premiered in June 1995. The film won an Academy Award® for Best Song with *Colors of the Wind*.





MONOPOLY® GAME RULES OF PLAY

OBJECT ... The object of the game is to become the wealthiest player through buying, renting and selling property.

PREPARATION ... Place the Chance and Community Chest cards facedown on their allotted spaces. Each player chooses one token to represent him/her while travelling around the board.

Each player is given \$1500 divided as follows: 2 each of \$500s, \$100s and \$50s; 6 \$20s; 5 each of \$10s, \$5s and \$1s.

All remaining money and other equipment go to the Bank. Stack the Bank's money on edge in the compartments in the plastic Banker's tray.

BANKER ... Select as Banker a player who will also make a good Auctioneer. A Banker who plays in the game must keep his/her personal funds separate from those of the Bank. When more than five persons play, the Banker may elect to act only as Banker and Auctioneer.

THE BANK ... Besides the Bank's money, the Bank holds the Title Deed cards and houses and hotels prior to purchase and use by the players. The Bank pays salaries and bonuses. It sells and auctions properties and hands out their proper Title Deed cards; it sells houses and hotels to the players and loans money when required on mortgages.

The Bank collects all taxes, fines, loans and interest, and the price of all properties that it sells and auctions.

The Bank never "goes broke." If the Bank runs out of money, the Banker may issue as much more as may be needed by merely writing on any ordinary paper.

THE PLAY ... Starting with the Banker, each player in turn throws the dice. The player with the highest total starts the play: Place your token on the corner marked "GO," throw the 2 dice and move your token in the direction of the arrow the number of spaces indicated by the dice. After you have completed your play, the turn passes to the left. The tokens remain on the spaces occupied and proceed from that point on the player's next turn. Two or more tokens may rest on the same space at the same time.

According to the space your token reaches, you may be entitled to buy real estate or other properties - or be obliged to pay rent, pay taxes, draw a Chance or Community Chest card, "Go to Jail," etc.

If you throw doubles, you move your token as usual, the sum of the two dice, and are subject to any privileges or penalties pertaining to the space on which you land. Retaining the dice, throw again and move your token as before. If you throw doubles three times in succession, move your token immediately to the "In Jail" part of the "IN JAIL - JUST VISITING" corner space (see JAIL).

"GO" ... Each time a player's token lands on or passes over GO, whether by throwing the dice or by drawing a card, the Banker pays him/her a \$200 salary.

The \$200 is paid only once each time around the board. However, if you pass GO on the throw of the dice and land 2 spaces beyond it on Community Chest, or 7 spaces beyond it on Chance, and you draw the "Advance to GO" card, you collect \$200 for passing GO the first time and another \$200 for reaching it the second time by instructions on the card.

BUYING PROPERTY ... Whenever you land on an unowned property, you may buy that property from the Bank at its printed price. You receive the Title Deed card showing ownership; place it faceup in front of you.

If you do not wish to buy the property, the Banker sells it at auction to the highest bidder. The buyer pays to the Bank the amount of the bid in cash and receives the Title Deed card for that property. Any player, including the one who declined the option of buying it at the printed price, may bid. Bidding may start at any price.

PAYING RENT ... When you land on property owned by another player, the owner collects rent from you in accordance with the list printed on its Title Deed card.

If the property is mortgaged, no rent can be collected. When a property is mortgaged, its Title Deed card is placed facedown in front of the owner.

It is an advantage to hold all the Title Deed cards in a color-group (i.e., Boardwalk and Park Place, or Connecticut, Vermont and Oriental Avenues) because the owner may then charge double rent for unimproved properties in that color-group. This rule applies to unmortgaged properties even if another property in that color-group is mortgaged.

It is even more advantageous to have houses or hotels on properties because rents are much higher than for unimproved properties.

The owner may not collect the rent if he/she fails to ask for it before the second player following throws the dice.

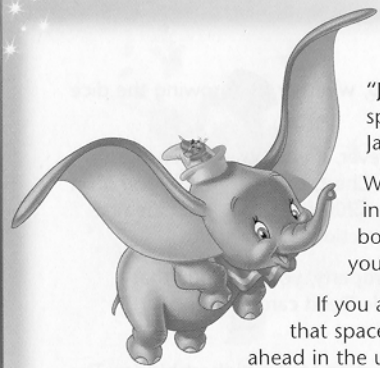
"CHANCE" AND "COMMUNITY CHEST"...When you land on either of these spaces, take the top card from the deck indicated, follow the instructions and return the card facedown to the bottom of the deck.

The "Get Out of Jail Free" card is held until used and then returned to the bottom of the deck. If the player who draws it does not wish to use it, he/she may sell it, at any time, to another player at a price agreeable to both.

"INCOME TAX"... If you land here you have two options: You may estimate your tax at \$200 and pay the Bank, or you may pay 10% of your total worth to the Bank. Your total worth is all your cash on hand, printed prices of mortgaged and unmortgaged properties and cost price of all buildings you own.

You must decide which option you will take before you add up your total worth.





"JAIL" ... You land in Jail when ... (1) your token lands on the space marked "Go to Jail"; (2) you draw a card marked "Go to Jail"; or (3) you throw doubles three times in succession.

When you are sent to Jail you cannot collect your \$200 salary in that move since, regardless of where your token is on the board, you must move it directly into Jail. Your turn ends when you are sent to Jail.

If you are not "sent" to Jail but in the ordinary course of play land on that space, you are "Just Visiting," you incur no penalty, and you move ahead in the usual manner on your next turn.

You get out of Jail by ... (1) throwing doubles on any of your next three turns; if you succeed in doing this you immediately move forward the number of spaces shown by your doubles throw; even though you had thrown doubles, you do not take another turn; (2) using the "Get Out of Jail Free" card if you have it; (3) purchasing the "Get Out of Jail Free" card from another player and playing it; or (4) paying a fine of \$50 before you roll the dice on either of your next two turns.

If you don't throw doubles by your third turn, you must pay the \$50 fine. You then get out of Jail and immediately move forward the number of spaces shown by your throw.

Even though you are in Jail, you may buy or sell property, buy or sell houses and hotels and collect rents.

"FREE PARKING" ... A player landing on this place does not receive any money, property or reward of any kind. This is just a "free" resting place.

HOUSES ... When you own all the properties in a color-group you may buy houses from the Bank and erect them on those properties.

If you buy one house, you may put it on any one of those properties. The next house you buy must be erected on one of the unimproved properties of this or any other complete color-group you may own.

The price you must pay the Bank for each house is shown on your Title Deed card for the property on which you erect the house.

The owner still collects double rent from an opponent who lands on the unimproved properties of his/her complete color-group.

Following the above rules, you may buy and erect at any time as many houses as your judgement and financial standing will allow. But you must build evenly, i.e.; you cannot erect more than one house on any one property of any color-group until you have built one house on every property of that group. You may then begin on the second row of houses, and so on, up to a limit of four houses to a property. For example, you cannot build three houses on one property if you have only one house on another property of that group.

As you build evenly, you must also break down evenly if you sell houses back to the Bank (see SELLING PROPERTY).

HOTELS ... When you have four houses on each property of a complete color-group, you may buy a hotel from the Bank and erect it on any property of the color-group. You return the four houses from that property to the Bank and pay the price for the hotel as shown on the Title Deed card. You may erect only one hotel on any one property.

BUILDING SHORTAGES ... When the Bank has no houses to sell, players wishing to build must wait for some player to turn back or to sell his/her houses to the Bank before building. If there are a limited number of houses and hotels available and two or more players wish to buy more than the Bank has, the houses or hotels must be sold at auction to the highest bidder.

SELLING PROPERTY ... Unimproved properties, railroads and utilities (but not buildings) may be sold to any player as a private transaction for any amount the owner can get. However, no property can be sold to another player if buildings are standing on any properties of that color-group. Any buildings so located must be sold back to the Bank before the owner can sell any property of that color-group.

Houses and hotels may be sold back to the Bank at any time for one-half the price paid for them.

All houses on one color-group must be sold one by one, evenly, in reverse of the manner in which they were erected.

All hotels on one color-group may be sold at once. Or they may be sold one house at a time (one hotel equals five houses), evenly, in reverse of the manner in which they were erected.

MORTGAGES ... Unimproved properties can be mortgaged through the Bank at any time. Before an improved property can be mortgaged, all the buildings on all the properties of its color-group must be sold back to the Bank at half price. The mortgage value is printed on each Title Deed card.

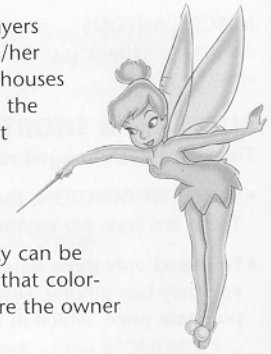
No rent can be collected on mortgaged properties or utilities, but rent can be collected on unmortgaged properties in the same group.

In order to lift the mortgage, the owner must pay the Bank the amount of the mortgage plus 10% interest. When all the properties of a color-group are no longer mortgaged, the owner may begin to buy back houses at full price.

The player who mortgages property retains possession of it and no other player may secure it by lifting the mortgage from the Bank. However, the owner may sell this mortgaged property to another player at any agreed price. If you are the new owner, you may lift the mortgage at once if you wish by paying off the mortgage plus 10% interest to the Bank. If the mortgage is not lifted at once, you must pay the Bank 10% interest when you buy the property and if you lift the mortgage later you must pay the Bank an additional 10% interest as well as the amount of the mortgage.

BANKRUPTCY ... You are declared bankrupt if you owe more than you can pay either to another player or to the Bank. If your debt is to another player, you must turn over to that player all that you have of value and retire from the game. In making this settlement, if you own houses or hotels, you must return these to the Bank in exchange for money to the extent of one-half the amount paid for them, this cash is given to the creditor. If you have mortgaged property you also turn this property over to your creditor but the new owner must at once pay the Bank the amount of interest on the loan, which is 10% of the value of the property. The new owner who does this may then, at his/her option, pay the principal or hold the property until some later turn, then lift the mortgage. If he/she holds property in this way until a later turn, he/she must pay the interest again upon lifting the mortgage.

Should you owe the Bank, instead of another player, more than you can pay (because of taxes or penalties) even by selling off buildings and mortgaging property, you must turn over all assets to the Bank. In this case, the Bank immediately sells by auction all property so taken, except buildings. A bankrupt player must immediately retire from the game. The last player left in the game wins.



MISCELLANEOUS ... Money can only be loaned to a player by the Bank and then only by mortgaging property. No player may borrow from or lend money to another player.

RULES for a SHORT GAME (60 to 90 minutes)

There are five changed rules for this first Short Game.

- During PREPARATION, the Banker shuffles then deals three Title Deed cards to each player. These are Free. No payment to the Bank is required.
- You need only three houses (instead of four) on each lot of a complete color-group before you may buy a hotel. Hotel rent remains the same. The turn-in value is still one-half the purchase price, which in this game is one house less than in the regular game.
- If you land in Jail you must exit on your next turn by (1) using a "Get Out of Jail Free" card if you have (or can buy) one; or (2) rolling doubles; or (3) paying \$50. Unlike the standard rules, you may try to roll doubles and, failing to do so, pay the \$50 on the same turn.
- The penalty for landing on "Income Tax" is a flat \$200.
- END OF GAME: The game ends when one player goes bankrupt. The remaining players value their property: (1) cash on hand; (2) lots, utilities and railroads owned, at the price printed on the board; (3) any mortgaged property owned, at one-half the price printed on the board; (4) houses, valued at purchase price; (5) hotels, valued at purchase price including the value of the three houses turned in.

The richest player wins!

ANOTHER GOOD SHORT GAME

TIME LIMIT GAME ... Before starting; agree upon a definite hour of termination, when the richest player will be declared the winner. Before starting, the Banker shuffles and cuts the Title Deed cards and deals two to each player. Players immediately pay the Bank the price of the properties dealt to them.



We will be happy to hear your questions or comments about this game. Write to: Hasbro Games, Consumer Affairs Dept., P.O. Box 200, Pawtucket, RI 02862. Tel: 888-836-7025 (toll free). Canadian consumers please write to: Hasbro Canada, P.O. Box 267, Station A, Longueuil, Quebec J4H 3X6.

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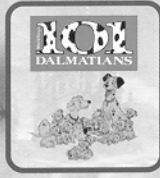
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